

Canadian Tariff Arrangements with Foreign Countries.—Arising out of some old British treaties, later British treaties or favoured-nation clauses sanctioned by Canadian Acts of Parliament, or in consequence of purely Canadian conventions of commerce, Canada extends, on a reciprocal basis, most-favoured-nation customs treatment, except where otherwise indicated, to the goods of the following countries:—

Country.	Treaty or Convention.	Terms.
Argentine Republic.....	Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation with the United Kingdom of Feb. 2, 1825.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Austria.....	Exchange of Notes. Canadian Orders in Council of July 5, 1933, Dec. 29, 1933, and Jan. 14, 1935, latter for an indefinite period subject to termination on three months' notice.....	Canadian intermediate tariff exchanged for most-favoured-nation treatment in Austria.
Belgium and Luxembourg, Belgian colonies, possessions and mandated territory.....	Convention of Commerce with Canada of July 3, 1924.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Brazil.....	Exchange of Notes of Dec. 4, 1931.....	Canadian intermediate tariff exchange for most-favoured-nation treatment in Brazil.
Colombia.....	Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation with the United Kingdom of Feb. 16, 1866.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Czechoslovakia.....	Convention of Commerce with Canada of Mar. 15, 1928.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Denmark.....	Treaties of Peace and Commerce with Great Britain of Feb. 13, 1660-1 and July 11, 1670.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Estonia.....	Canadian Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 28 of United Kingdom-Estonia Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of Jan. 18, 1926.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Finland.....	Finland Trade Agreement Act of June 12, 1925, accepted Article 23 of United Kingdom-Finland Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of Dec. 14, 1923.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
France and French Colonies	Trade Agreement with Canada, signed May 12, 1933, in force June 10, 1933. Exchange of Notes, Sept. 29, 1934, extending concessions on both sides.....	As regards scheduled goods percentage reductions from Canadian intermediate tariff or actual intermediate exchanged for French minimum tariff or percentage reductions from general tariff, also quota arrangements.
Germany.....	Exchange of Notes. Canadian Orders in Council, Dec. 23, 1932; Mar. 31, 1933; Dec. 23, 1933, latter for an indefinite period subject to termination any time on condition that benefits of Agreement continue for six weeks after notice given.....	Canadian intermediate tariff exchanged for most-favoured-nation treatment in Germany.
Hungary.....	Canadian Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 20 of United Kingdom-Hungary Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of July 23, 1926.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Italy, colonies and possessions.....	Convention of Commerce with Canada of Jan. 4, 1923.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Japan.....	Japanese Treaty Act of April 10, 1913, sanctioned (with provisos) United Kingdom-Japan Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of April 3, 1911.	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Latvia.....	Canadian Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 26 of the United Kingdom-Latvia Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of June 22, 1923.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Lithuania.....	Canadian Trade Agreements Act of June 11, 1928, accepted Article 4 of the United Kingdom-Lithuania Agreement respecting commercial relations of May 6, 1922.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Netherlands, Netherlands Indies, Surinam and Curaçao.....	Convention of Commerce with Canada of July 11, 1924.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.
Norway.....	Convention of Commerce and Navigation between the United Kingdom and (Sweden and) Norway of Mar. 18, 1826.....	Exchange of most-favoured-nation treatment.